Complete vs Incomplete Revascularization After Left Main PCI: Does an Open RCA Matter?

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Disclosure Statement of Financial Interest

I, David Antoniucci DO NOT have a financial interest/arrangement or affiliation with one or more organizations that could be perceived as a real or apparent conflict of interest in the context of the subject of this presentation.





ULMD PCI Florence Registry (Migliorini A, JACC 2011)

Characteristics of 330 LM Patients with and without RCA CTO

	Pts without RCA CTO	Pts with RCA CTO	p value
	n=252	n=78	
Age	72 ± 10	71 ± 11	0.728
Diabetes mellitus	71 (28)	27 (35)	0.277
LVEF	47 ± 12	39 ± 14	< 0.001
EuroSCORE,	6.11 [3.18-14.55]	9.65 [4.52-28.03]	0.002
EuroSCORE ≥ 6	129 (51)	53 (68)	0.009
LM + 3-vessels	58 (33)	38 (49)	< 0.001
Distal LM location	211 (84)	72 (92)	0.058

CTO 118	PCI attempt	PCI success
RCA n = 78	39	35
LAD n = 21	19	18
Circ $n=19$	13	11

Complete Revascularization 254 (77%)

Migliorini A, JACC 2011



Three-Year Outcome

Non RCA CTO

RCA CTO

n=78

Cardiac death (%)

 10.5 ± 2.7

 23.6 ± 6.8

0.003

MI (%)

 6.3 ± 4.3

 13.2 ± 7.3

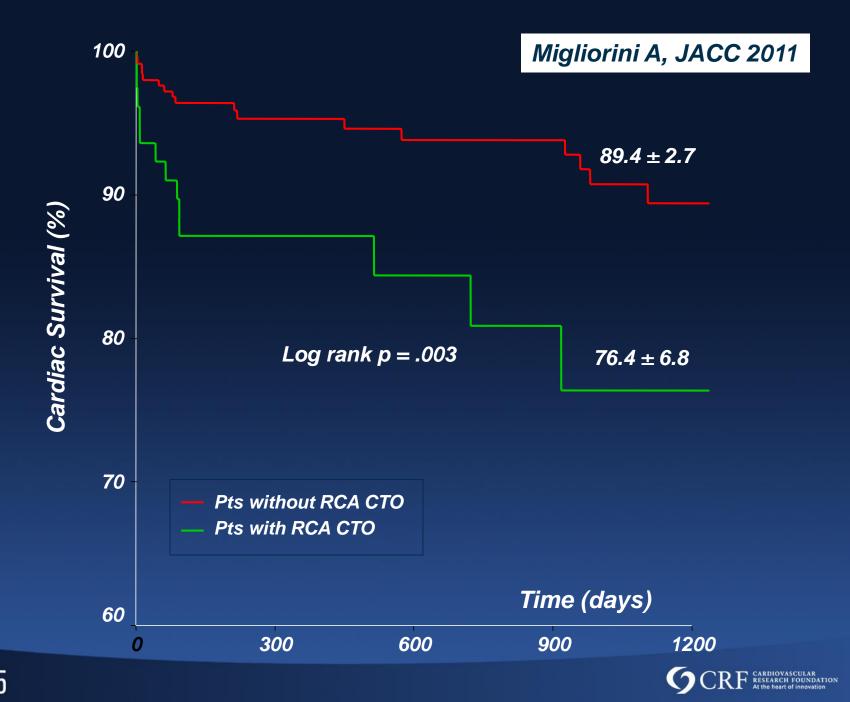
0.065

Any revasc. (%)

 31 ± 3.4

 45.7 ± 8.7

0.063

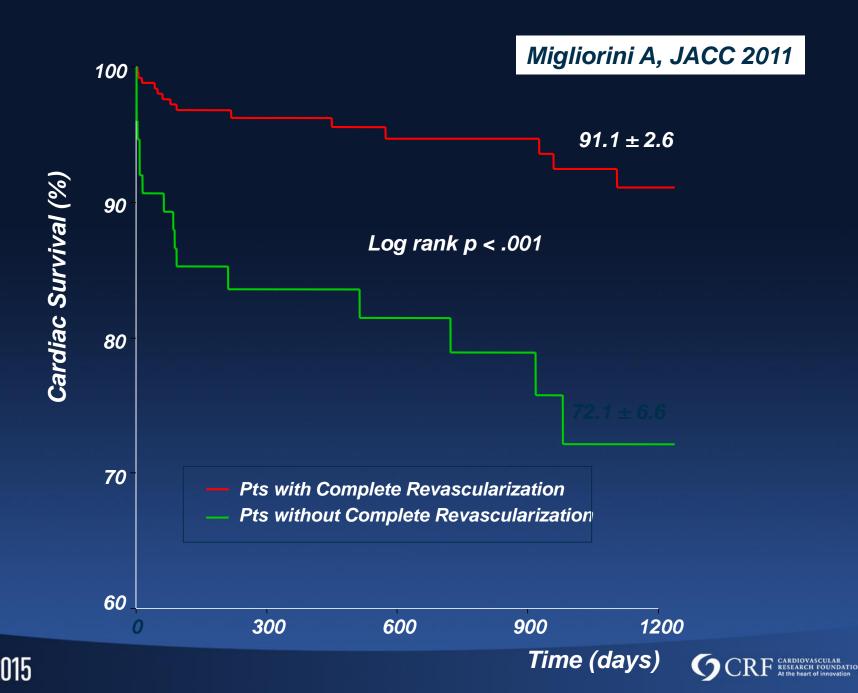


Long-Term Outcome

	CR (n =255)	non-CR (n = 75)	
Cardiac mortality		<0.00	1
1-year (%)	3.7 ± 1.2	16.4 ± 4.3	
2-year (%)	5.3 ± 1.6	21.1 ± 5.2	
2 voor (%)	8.9 ± 2.6	27.9 ± 6.6	
3-year (%)	0.9 ± 2.0	21.9 ± 0.0	
3-year MI (%)	2.0 <u>+</u> 1.0	10.6 ± 5.6 0.13	34
3-year any revascularization (%)	32.2 <u>+</u> 4.0	41.0 <u>+</u> 7.5 0.1	17







Predictors of 3-Year Cardiac Death

Completeness of Revascularization

HR 0.31, 95% CI 0.15-0.64, p = 0.001

EuroSCORE

HR 1.03, 95% CI 1.02-1.05, p < 0.001

Migliorini A, JACC 2011





Propensity score and CR as covariate.

c-= statistic 0.77

(Hosmer and Lemeshow goodness-offit test p = 0.392)

Completeness of Revascularization HR 0.40, 95% CI 0.18-0.86; p = 0.020

Migliorini A, JACC 2011



ULMD PCI Florence Registry Update

From 2004 to 2014	n=702
Age, mean \pm SD	72 ± 11
Diabete mellitus, n (%)	192 (27)
ACS, n (%)	474 (68)
AMI, n (%)	74 (11)
LVEF < 0.40, n (%)	264 (37)
EuroSCORE, median (IQR)	7.6 (3.3-19.6)
EuroSCORE ≥ 6 , n (%)	247 (35)
Three-vessel disease, n (%)	212 (30)



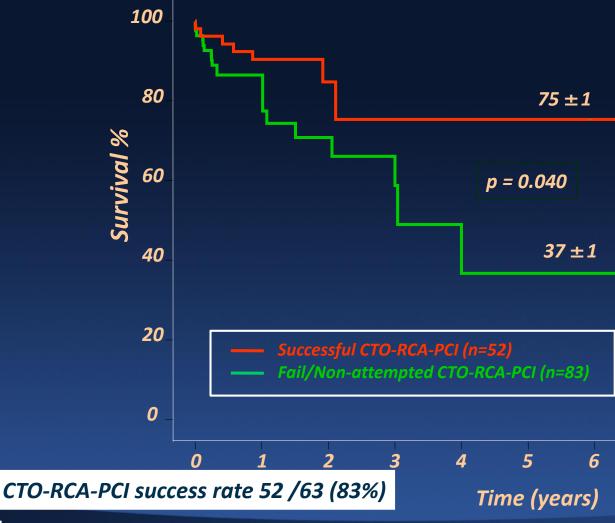
ULMD PCI Florence Registry Update

From 2004 to 2014	n=702
Distal LM	623 (88)
Single stent, n (%)	362 (58)
Both Branches stenting	261 (42)
Everolimus-eluting stent	393 (56)
1st generation DES	309 (44)
IVUS guidance, n (%)	512 (74)
CTO vessel, n (%)	222 (32)
CTO PCI attempted, n	135/222 (61)
Successful CTO PCI, n (%)	119 (88)
Complete revascularization, n (%)	554 (79)



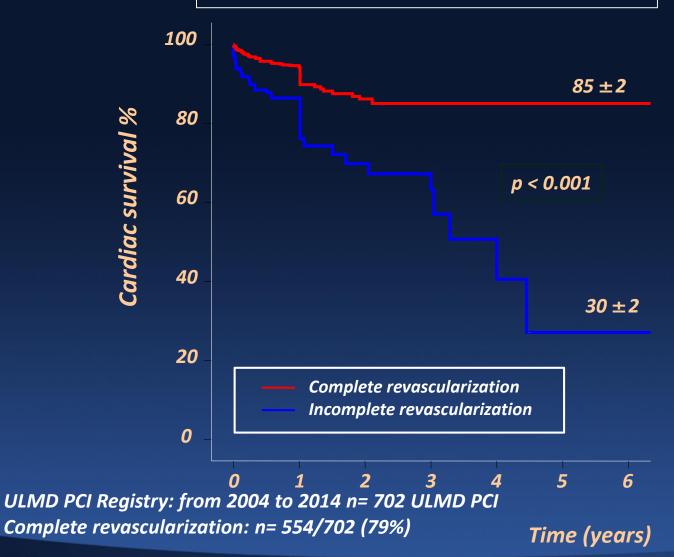


Long-Term Survial ULMD PCI Florence Registry





Long-Term Cardiac Survial ULMD PCI Florence Registry







Conclusions

> RCA CTO is frequent in LM disease (25% in LM-PCI Florence Registry).

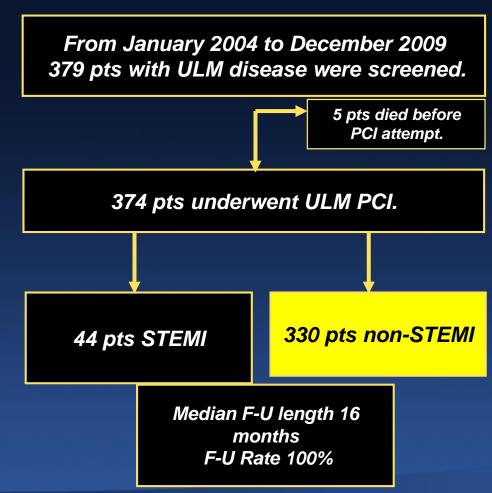
Complete revascularization should be achieved in pts with ULMD and multivessel disease (including CTO).





Design

- DESIGN: Prospective singlecenter registry of ULM PCI treated with DES.
- End point: survival at 1 month, 6 months, 1, 2, 5 years.
- METHODS: Cardiac survival was assessed by Kaplan-Meier estimation and by forward stepwise multivariate Cox regression analysis.





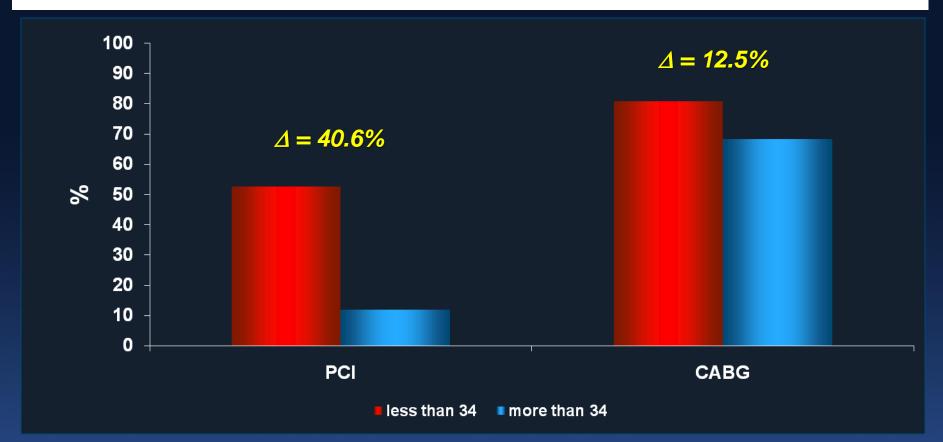
Complete vs Incomplete Revascularization

	Pts with CR	Pts without CR	p value
	n=255	n=75	
Age,	71 ± 10	75 ± 10	0.002
Diabetes	<i>67 (26)</i>	31 (41)	0.012
Peripheral vascular disease	74 (29)	31 (43)	0.044
Previous myocardial infarction	<i>55 (22)</i>	28 (37)	0.006
Creatinine > 150 μmol/ L,	43 (17)	16 (21)	0.374
LVEF, %	45 ± 15	35 ± 15	< 0.001
EuroSCORE	6.12 [3.11-13.83]	13.0 [4.36-13.0]	< 0.001
EuroSCORE ≥ 6	131 (51)	51 (68)	0.011
LM plus 3-vessel disease	68 (27)	28 (37)	0.074
RCA CTO	34 (13)	44 (59)	< 0.001





Differences of complete revascularization rates per revascularization treatment. *



^{*} when forced into the Cox multivariable proportional hazard regression model, complete revascularization was found to be an independent predictor of lower mortality (HR 0.55, 95% Cls 0.31-0.98, p = 0.041), but this finding did not affect the prognostic significance of a SYNTAX score. Conversely, treatment type was no longer a significant predictor of mortality



